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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

8-19-83 Smith Fileretita

AUG 19 1983

OFFICE OF PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Casual # 860 AA

MEMORANDUM

TO:

THRU:

Chad B. Sandusky, Acting Section Head Charles 183
Toxicology Branch
Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-7007 SUBJECT: PP#3F2887; Bayleton in/on Apricots, Peaches, Nectarines,

Plums, Cucurbits and Sugarbeets.

Petitioner:

Mobay Chemical Corporation, Kansas City, Missouri,

64120.

Action Requested:

Establishment of the following tolerances:

| Apricots | 4.0 | ppm |
|----------------------|-----|-----|
| Peaches | 4.0 | ppm |
| Nectarines | 4.0 | ppm |
| Plums (fresh prunes) | 4.0 | ppm |
| Cucurbits | 0.3 | ppm |
| Sugar beets | 1.0 | ppm |
| Sugar beet tops | 3.0 | ppm |

2. Registration of an alternate formulation for Bayleton 50% WP with and without soluble package.

INERT INGREDIENT INFORMATION IS NOT INCLUDED

Conclusions and Recommendations:

- 1. The proposed tolerances are toxicologically supported. Adequate margins of safety (over 1000) exist for maternal toxicity, and embryonic and fetal development for dietary exposure and worker exposure.
- 2. The ADI is considered to be 0.025 mg/kg/day based on a NOEL of 50 ppm generated from a 2-year rat feeding study. Published and tox approved tolerances in addition to the current tolerance utilized 33.55% of the ADI.

- The inert ingredients in the alternate 50% WP formulation except are cleared for food use. are not identified (D. Ritter, 6/ /83, see attached printout).
- 4. Pursuant to C.F. Chaisson memo of January 14, 1983 addressed to H. Jacoby, protective clothing (including gloves) must be used by all workers during all agricultural practices.

Detailed Considerations:

- 1. Bayleton is teratogenic in rats (cleft palates) with NOEL's of 50 mg/kg/day and 10 mg/kg/day for maternal toxicity, and embryonic and fetal development respectively.
- The risk assessment in such cases is considered to be of two components:
 - a) Risk associated with dietary exposure -

This type of risk is best expressed as the margin of safety "MOS" which is defined as the ratio between the NOEL in mg/kg and the exposure (dietary) in mg/kg. Assuming a reasonable worst case where a pregnant female consumes 200 g of a food commodity containing the highest proposed residue level of 4 ppm, the margins of safety were calculated to be 1000 and 5000 for maternal toxicity, and embryonic and fetal development respectively.

b) Risk associated with worker exposure -

This is the risk arising from the exposure of farm workers during normal agricultural practices. This type of exposure can be significantly decreased to a reasonable safe level through the use of protective clothing. (see C.F. Chaisson memo of January 14, 1983 addressed to H. Jacoby). However crops like apricots, peaches, nectarine, plums and cucurbits are hand harvested. This may not constitute a problem in the case of cucurbits where gloves could be used but may constitute a problem in the case of stone fruits where wearing gloves is not practical for harvesting.

In a previous memo by G. Ghali dated December 7, 1982, Toxicology Branch considered an exposure of 0.5 mg/kg as the maximum allowable daily exposure to maintain a margin of safety of 1000 for female workers.

In a memo by J. Adams dated January 14, 1982, the EFB calculated the worker exposure level to be less than 0.187 mg/kg. This level of exposure is considered lower than the maximum allowable exposure and therefore adequate margins of safety are maintained for female workers under these conditions.

Toxicology Profile:

All relevant toxicology data are summarized in a memo by G. Ghali addressed to J. Jacoby on March 23, 1982 with respect to PP#s 1F2474 and 1H5292.

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George Z. Ghali, Ph.D. Toxicology Branch

Hazard Evaluation Division

(TS-769C)

File last updated 5/5/83

ACCEPTABLE DAILY INTAKE DATA

| RAT,Older | NOEL | S.F. | ADI | MPI |
|-----------|-------|------|-----------|--------------|
| mg/kg | ppm | | mg/kg/day | mg/day(60kg) |
| 2.500 | 50.00 | 100 | 0.0250 | 1.5000 |

Published Tolerances

| CROP | Tolerance | Food Factor | mg/day(1.5kg) |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| Apples(2) | 1.000 | 2.53 | 0.03795 |
| Barley(8) | 1.000 | 0.03 | 0.00045 |
| _ chesk 200 (214) | 0.100 | 0.03 | 0.00005 |
| / Eggs (54) | 0.040 | 2.77 | 0.00166 |
| Cattle (26) | 1.000 | 7.18 | 0.10777 |
| Grapes, not raisins (67) | 1.000 | 0.45 | 0.00675 |
| Goats(62) | 1.000 | 0.03 | 0.00045 |
| Hogs(69) | 0.040 | 3.43 | 0.00206 |
| Horses(208) | 1.000 | 0.03 | 0.00045 |
| Milk&Lairy Products(93) | 0.040 | 28.62 | 0.01717 |
| Pears(116) | 1.000 | 0.26 | 0.00383 |
| Pineapple(123) | 3.000 | 0.30 | 0.01334 |
| Poultry(128) | 0.040 | 2.94 | 0.00177 |
| Sneep(145) | 1.000 | 0.19 | 0.00291 |
| Wneat(170) | 1.000 | 10.36 | 0.15544 |
| 14Th # | | | |
| MPI | | TMRC | % ADI |
| 1.5000 mg/day(60kg | g) 0.35 | 20 mg/day(1.5 | skg) 23.47 |
| ******** | ***** | ***** | ********** |

Unpublished, Tox Approved 2G2638, 0E2393, 0F2349, 3F2349

| CROP | Tolerance | Food Factor | mg/day(1.5kg) |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| Almonds(1) | 0.100 | 0.03 | 0.00005 |
| Apricots(3) | 0.000 | 0.11 | 0.0000 |
| Nectarines(100) | 0.000 | 0.03 | 0.00000 |
| Peacnes(114) | 0.000 | 0.90 | 0.00000 |
| Cucumbers, not pickl (47) | 0.000 | 0.34 | 0.00000 |
| Tomatoes(163) | 0.200 | 2.87 | 0.00862 |
| Melons(92) | 0.000 | 2.00 | 0.00000 |
| Almonds(1) | 0.050 | 0.03 | 0.00002 |

MPI TMRC % ADI 1.5000 mg/day(60kg) 0.3607 mg/day(1.5kg) 24.05

Current Action 3F2887

| CROP | Tolerance | Food Factor | mg/day(1.5kg) |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| Apricots(3) | 4.000 | 0.11 | 0.00675 |
| Pumpkin, inc squash (131) | 0.300 | 0.11 | 0.00051 |
| Watermelon(169) | 0.300 | 1,43 | 0.00644 |
| Nectarines(100) | 4. i 00 | 0.03 | 0.00180 |
| Peaches(114) | 4.000 | 0.90 | 0.05396 |
| Plums, inc prunes (125) | 4.000 | 0.13 | 0.00797 |
| Sugar, cane&beet (154) | 1.000 | 3.64 | 0.05457 |

Melor (92) 0.300 2.00 0.00901 Cucumpers, not pick (47) 0.300 0.34 0.00152 MPI TMRC & ADI 1.5000 mg/day(60kg) 0.5033 mg/day(1.5kg) 33.55

OPAFY

| TRINGIMEFON (BAYLETON) |
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| Page 6 is not included in this copy. |
| Pages through are not included. |
| The material not included contains the following type of information: |
| Moderation Identity of product inert ingredients. |
| Identity of product impurities. |
| Description of the product manufacturing process. |
| Description of quality control procedures. |
| Identity of the source of product ingredients. |
| Sales or other commercial/financial information. |
| A draft product label. |
| The product confidential statement of formula. |
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